Dear Students!!

In this e-book of 10th class, study material of computer science is being sent to you as per new syllabus (2023-24). You can easily prepare your test / papers by reading these notes and watching the video lectures given below. Following are the links of the video lectures in blue colour. Watch these video lectures by clicking on the relevant link of chapter to have better understanding of various concepts.



10th Class - Computer Science Syllabus & Video Lecture Links (Pbi)

Chapter		Explanation of Chapter	Solution of Exerecise	Quick Revision	
Chapter-1		https://youtu.be/ld9j6u8	https://youtu.be/0mdt	https://youtu.be/nTTjLq	
Office Tools		4ogo	RvkR1L8	VIS8s	
Chapter -2		https://youtu.be/NOnCp	https://youtu.be/mQfZ	https://youtu.be/DhYiCr	
HTML-1		sDMSYs	JaMMrWQ	QHtRo	
Chapter -3		https://youtu.be/ULZGiT	https://youtu.be/V_TcV	https://youtu.be/QCVBt	
HTML-2		DL7D0	pdRovE	x12JQ4	
Chapter -4		https://youtu.be/5xCOSr	https://youtu.be/V_TcV	https://youtu.be/7PtF2o	
HTML-3		PMcBI	pdRovE	I18YI	
Chapter -5		https://youtu.be/QRWD	https://youtu.be/N3kHj	https://youtu.be/WAIILg	
Operating SYstem		EfZKcGI	bycNrM	kMeQ0	
Chapter -6 Desktop Publishing		https://youtu.be/9GBAli	https://youtu.be/yYRW	https://youtu.be/9X3_1L	
		FMUal	P3I6Fng	wA2ro	
Chapter -7		https://youtu.be/QWhly	https://youtu.be/jKIT9a	https://youtu.be/11Q2g	
Microsoft Publisher		b10sdl	49jm4	2_BzE4	
Links of Playlists		https://www.youtube.co	https://www.youtube.c	https://www.youtube.co	
		m/playlist?list=PLja3EaJF	om/playlist?list=PLja3E	m/playlist?list=PLja3EaJ	
		Ajmbp-	aJFAjmal7j9srJRw_bNjq	FAjmbHFqNBhHHZzeDG	
		HISbHmdHogP10foUyqn	BGlcVyf	bQM3yhsQ	
Practical Lecture	Practical Session – HTML Programming (Part-1) Practical Session – HTML Programming (Part-2) Practical Session – HTML Programming Using Monils https://youtu.be/QLIZLKrbhIA				

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Please use the following link to download the study material/e-books/e-contents for 6th to 12th classes:

http://cspunjab.nirmancampus.co.in/study.php

10th Computer Science (Session: 2023-24)

Chapter 5th **Operating System**

Oued	Multiple choice questions					
	operating system is a					
	Terminal		c. Application Software	d. Processor		
2	refers to k	eeping several programs in di	fferent parts of the main memor	ry at the same time and		
exe	ecuting them concurrently.					
a. I	Multi-application	b. Multi-processing	c. Multi-programming	d. Multi timing		
3. The						
			c. Network Operating System	d. Distributed system		
4. A acts as a security guard between the internet and our local area network.						
a. (Operating System	b. Processor	c. Firewall	d. Security Threat		
5. GU	I stands for					
a. (Graph User Interface	b. Graphics User Interface	c. Graphical User Interface	d. None of these		
Que:II	Fill in the blanks:					
		each user in the Time-Sharin	g operating system is known as	•		
	_		ol the access of programs, proce			
_	esources defined by a com	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	•		
	•	•	tween the user and the compute	er hardware.		
_			is of our PC and can make them			
_	1. Time Slice		3. Operating System			
	4. Computer Viruses			•		
Ouell	I Write True or False:					
Que.II	i write frue of raise.					

1. True

Ans:

- 1. In tightly coupled systems, there is a single primary memory, which is shared by all the processors.
- 2. A Multi-User Operating System is a system that allows only one user to access a computer system at one time.

3. True

- 3. Confidentiality ensures that data exchanged is not accessible to unauthorized users.
- 4. Firewall cannot block unauthorized access to our PC.

2. False

5. Anti-malware is a computer program used to prevent, detect, and remove malware.

Que:IV Short answer type Questions:

Q:1 What is an Operating System?

Ans: Operating system is System Software. It is used to operate or run computer. It provides an environment in which the users can work efficiently on the computer system. It is a software that acts as an interface between the user and the computer hardware and controls the execution of all kinds of programs. Examples of Operating Systems are: Windows, DOS, Unix, Linux, Mac OS etc.

Q:2 Write the name of types of operating systems.

Ans: Following are some popular types of Operating Systems:

- **Batch Operating System**
- **Multi-Programming Operating System**
- **Time-Sharing Operating Systems**

- **Multi-Processing Operating System**
- **Network Operating System**

4. False

Real Time Operating System

Q:3 Make a list of the common functions of operating system.

Ans: Following list shows the most common functions of an operating system:

1. Program Execution

- 5. Error Detection
- 2. To control Input output related operations
- 6. Resource Management

3. File Manipulation

7. Protection

4. Communication

5. True

10th Computer Science (Session: 2023-24)

Q:4 What are Computer Security Threats? Write their names.

Ans: A computer security threat refers to any possible malicious attack. These threats can affect the smooth functioning of our PC. The most harmful types of computer security threats are given below:

Malware

Rootkit

Phishing

Keylogger

Q:5 What is Firewall?

Ans: A firewall helps us to secure and protect our Information from various Security threats. It acts as a security guard between the internet and our local area network. It prevents hackers from attacking our system. Firewall blocks unauthorized access to our PC.

Que:V Long Answer Type Questions:

Q:1 Explain various functions of operating system.

Ans: The main functions of the operating system are:

- 1. Program Execution: The operating system executes user programs and system programs in the computer.
- 2. Input Output Operation: The operating system controls all the input/output operations in the computer.
- 3. File System Manipulation: The operating system manages the files and directories in the computer system.
- 4. Communication: The operating system handles the communication between different types of devices and programs in a computer system.
- 5. Error detection: The operating system can detect various types of errors in the computer system and correct them too.
- 6. Resource Management: The various resources of the computer system, such as: Memory, CPU, Storage, etc. are also managed by the operating system.
- 7. Protection: The operating system provides various technologies to protect user data and programs.

Q:2 Write the difference between the Single-user and multi-user operating systems.

Ans: Following table shows the major differences between these two systems:

	Single-User Operating System		Multi-User Operating System	
1.	In these Systems, only one user can access the	1.	In these System, more than one user can access a	
	computer at the same time.		computer at the same time.	
2.	. All the resources are allocated to a single user of		All the resources are allocated among multiple	
	the system.		users of the system.	
3.	Processing of system is faster.	3.	Processing of system is slower.	
4.	4. These systems are simplistic and easy to design.		These are complicated and difficult to design	
5.	Types of Single User Operating systems are:	5.	The types of Multi-User Operating System are:	
	 Single-User Single-Task systems 		Time Sharing Operating System	
	 Single-User Multi-Task systems. 		 Distributed Operating System 	
6.	Examples: MS DOS, Windows 95, Personal	6.	Examples: Mainframe Computers such as IBM	
	Computers, etc.		AS400, Linux & Unix Distributed OS, etc.	

Q:3 What is Time-Sharing Operating System? Write its advantages and disadvantages.

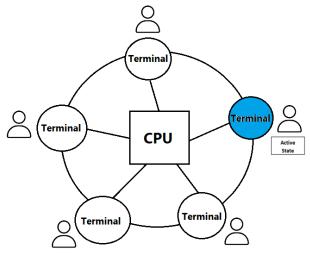
Ans: In Time sharing systems, many terminals/users are connected to a main computer system at the same time. A little time of CPU is given to each user's program in a circular way. This little CPU time given to each user is known as Time Slice or Time Quantum. The system switches rapidly from one user to the next user.

Advantages of Time-Sharing System:

- Reduces CPU idle time.
- Reduces the output of paper.
- Avoids duplication of software.

Disadvantages of Time-Sharing System:

- Large main memory is required for user programs.
- It requires CPU scheduling techniques.
- Memory management is required.



Q:4 What is Multi-Processing Operating Systems? Explain.

Ans: Multiprocessing system is used to describe interconnected computers, with two or more CPUs. These systems have the ability to simultaneously execute several programs. In such a system, instructions from different and independent programs can be processed simultaneously by different CPUs. The basic organization of a typical multiprocessing system is shown below:

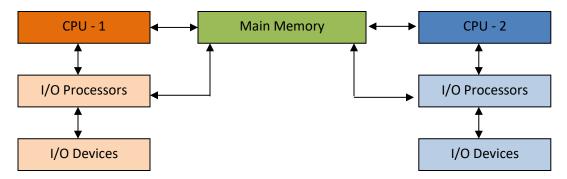


Fig: Basic Organization of Multiprocessing System

Multiprocessing systems are of two types:

- Tightly Coupled Systems: These systems are also known as Parallel Processing Operating Systems. In these systems, there is a single primary memory, which is shared by all the processors.
- Loosely Coupled Systems: These systems are also known as Distributed Operating Systems. In these systems, each processor has its own local memory.